

1539404

	viewed on: 22.07.2025 nting date: 22.07.2025
SECTION 01: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undert	aking
1.1 Product identifier	
 Trade name: YLANG COMOROS I OIL Article number: F3330 CAS Number: 8006-81-3 EC Number: 281-092-1 No CAS EINECS: 83863-30-3 	
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Application of the substance / the preparation Perfume ingredient Only for industrial use For detailed identified uses please refer to the annex of this safety data sheet	
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet * Manufacturer/Supplier: * BIOLANDES TEL: 33.5.58.51.00.00 40420 LE SEN email : fds@biolandes.com FRANCE FRANCE	
1.4 Emergency telephone number: FR-ORFILA (INRS):+33(0)1 45 42 59 59	
 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Image: Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Image: Classification according to Regulation. Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Causes skin irritation. Skin Sens. IB - H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 2.2 Label elements Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Hazard pictograms GHS08 GHS07 Signal word barger Hazard statements H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H314 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Precautionary statements P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 Wash thorouphly after handling. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P304 +P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. 	
P405 Store locked up. (contin	ued on page 2)



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1,001- 5,000

(continued on page 3)

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	PRODUCT :	YLANG COMOROS I OIL	
*	 2.3 Other haza Results of P PBT: Not applicable vPvB: Not applicable Determinati 	BT and vPvB assessment e.	(continued of page 1) al/international regulations.
	SECTION 03: C	Composition/information on ingredients	
	 3.1 Substance CAS No. 8006-81-3 Identificatio EC number: 281-092-1 	Description Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.f. & Thomson n number(s)	
	Dangerous	components:	
	CAS Number 140-11-4	benzyl acetate EC number: 205-399-7	% 10,001-20,00
*	78-70-6	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 LINALOOL EC number: 201-134-4 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315, Eye Irrit. 2 -	5,001-10,00
*	120-51-4	H319, Skin Sens. 1B - H317 BENZYL BENZOATE EC number: 204-402-9 ① Acute Tox. 4 - H302; ④ Aquatic	5,001-10,00
* * * *	104-93-8	Acute 1 - H400 (M=1), Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411 p-Methylanisole EC number: 203-253-7 ① Acute Tox. 4 - H302, Skin Irrit. 2 -	5,001-10,00
* * *	87-44-5	H315; 🚸 Repr. 2 - H361 BETA-CARYOPHYLLENE EC number: 201-746-1 � Asp. Tox. 1 - H304; � Skin Sens.	5,001-10,00
* * *	105-87-3	1B - H317 GERANYL ACETATE EC number: 203-341-5 � Skin Irrit. 2 - H315, Skin Sens. 1B -	5,001-10,00
* * *	118-58-1	H317; Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 BENZYL SALICYLATE EC number: 204-262-9 ① Eye Irrit. 2 - H319, Skin Sens. 1 -	1,001- 5,000
* * *	93-58-3	H317; Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 methyl benzoate EC number: 202-259-7	1,001- 5,000

4602-84-0

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Acute Tox. 4 - H302

EC number: 225-004-1

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	PRODUCT :	YLANG COMOROS I OIL	
			(continued of page 2)
*		🔅 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315, Eye Irrit. 2 -	
*		H319, Skin Sens. 1B - H317	
*	97-54-1	ISOEUGENOL	1,001- 5,000
*		EC number: 202-590-7	
*		🔶 Acute Tox. 4 - H302, Acute Tox. 4 -	
*		H312, Acute Tox. 4 - H332, Skin Irrit. 2 -	
*		H315, Eye Irrit. 2 - H319, Skin Sens. 1A -	
*		H317; Skin Sens. 1A; H317: C >= 0,01 %	
*	106-24-1	GERANIOL	0,101-1,000
*	100 24 1	EC number: 203-377-1	0,1011,000
*		🔗 Eye Dam. 1 - H318; 🗘 Skin Irrit. 2	
*		- H315, Skin Sens. 1 - H317	
*	104-46-1	ANETHOLE	0,101-1,000
*		EC number: 203-205-5	
*		Skin Sens. 1B - H317	
*	80-56-8	ALPHA-PINENE	0,101-1,000
*		EC number: 201-291-9	
*		🚸 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304; 🚸 Flam. Liq. 3	
*		- H226; 🕚 Acute Tox. 4 - H302, Skin	
*		Irrit. 2 - H315, Skin Sens. 1B - H317	
*	470-82-6	Eucalyptol	0,101-1,000
*		EC number: 207-431-5	
*		Flam. Liq. 3 - H226; Skin Sens.	
*		1B - H317	
*	119-36-8	METHYL SALICYLATE EC number: 204-317-7	0,101-1,000
*		 Eventime 204-317-7 Event and the second second	
*		- H302, Skin Sens. 1B - H317;	
*			
*	100-51-6	- H361d; Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 BENZYL ALCOHOL	0,010-0,100
*	100-51-0	EC number: 202-859-9	0,010-0,100
*		Acute Tox. 4 - H302, Acute Tox. 4 -	
*		H312, Eye Irrit. 2 - H319, Skin Sens. 1B -	
*		H317	
*	104-55-2	CINNAMAL	0,010-0,100
*		EC number: 203-213-9	
*		🔶 Acute Tox. 4 - H312, Skin Irrit. 2 -	
*		H315, Eye Irrit. 2 - H319, Skin Sens. 1A -	
*		H317; Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	
*		Skin Sens. 1A; H317: C >= 0,01 %	

SECTION 04: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

• General information:

- Seek immediate medical advice.
- After inhalation:
- Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor. After skin contact:

• If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor. Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.



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PRODUCT :	YLANG COMOROS I OIL
 After swa Seek imm 	ened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.
	nportant symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed elevant information available.
	ion of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed elevant information available.
SECTION 05	: Firefighting measures
 Suitable CO2, sand Use fire et 	uishing media extinguishing agents: d, extinguishing powder. Do not use water. xtinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions. ty reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: th full jet
	l hazards arising from the substance or mixture f toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.
 Protectiv Do not inf Additional 	for firefighters ve equipment: hale explosion gases or combustion gases. al information angered receptacles with water spray.
SECTION 06	: Accidental release measures
Wear protect Ensure adequ	al precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures tive equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. uate ventilation rom ignition sources.
Do not allow	nmental precautions: product to reach sewage system or any water course. ective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.
Dispose cont	ds and material for containment and cleaning up: taminated material as waste according to item 13. uate ventilation.
See Section See Section	nce to other sections 7 for information on safe handling. 8 for information on personal protection equipment. 13 for disposal information.
SECTION 07	: Handling and storage
7.1 Precaut Keep recepta Keep away fr Ensure good Prevent form Handle with	tions for safe handling acles tightly sealed. rom heat and direct sunlight. ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. nation of aerosols. care. Avoid jolting, friction and impact. tion about fire - and explosion protection: tion sources away - Do not smoke.
Keep ignit	gainst electrostatic charges.
Keep ignit Protect ag	gainst electrostatic charges.



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PRODUCT : YL	ANG COMOROS I OIL	
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	original receptacle.	
	page into the ground. cles specifically permitted for this su	ibstance/ product.
	out storage in one common sto	
Not required.	<u> </u>	
	ation about storage conditions:	
Keep container t	ghtly sealed. t and direct sunlight.	
	in a well ventilated area.	
7.3 Specific end		
No further relevant	information available.	
SECTION 08: Exp	osure controls/personal pro	tection
8.1 Control para	neters	
•	th limit values that require mon	itoring at the workplace:
Not required.		
 DNELs 		
8006-81-3	Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.	. & Thomson
	.(ShortTerm): 22,24 mg/m3 ng term): 21,12 mg/kg	
 Additional info 	5 , , 5	
The lists valid du	iring the making were used as basis	
8.2 Exposure cor	trols	
	ection measures, such as perso	nal protective equipment
•	tive and hygienic measures:	
	tionary measures are to be adhered foodstuffs, beverages and feed.	to when handling chemicals.
	nove all soiled and contaminated clo	thing
Wash hands befo	ore breaks and at the end of work.	
	ses / fumes / aerosols.	
Avoid contact wi	st / smoke / mist. th the skin.	
 Respiratory pr 		
	piratory protective device in case of i	
	exposure or low pollution use respir spiratory protective device.	atory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use
 Protection of h 	. ,.	
Protective glove		
		ant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.
Due to missing chemical mixtur	-	ve material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the
		ne penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation
Material of glo		-
	the suitable gloves does not only de ufacturer to manufacturer.	epend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and
	ne of glove material	
		by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be
observed.	-	· -
Eye/face prote Safety glasses	ction	
Safety glassesBody protection	n.	
Impervious prot		
Boots		
	sical and chemical properti	
SECTION 00. Dhy		
SECTION 09: Phy	seic nhyeical and chamical proper	100
	asic physical and chemical proper	
9.1 Information on b	asic physical and chemical proper	
9.1 Information on b General Information	Liquic	
9.1 Information on b General Information Physical state	Liquic	1



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	(continued of page
Melting point/freezing point:	< -80,0 °C
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	Not determined.
Flammability	Not determined.
Lower and upper explosion limit	
Lower:	Not determined.
Upper:	Not determined.
Flash point:	88,0 °C NFT 60-103 CC
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
pH	Not determined.
· Viscosity:	
Kinematic viscosity	at 40,00 °C 6,00 mm2/s
Dynamic:	Not determined.
Solubility	
water:	Not determined.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not determined.
Vapour pressure:	0,2223 mbar
Density and/or relative density	
Density:	Not determined.
Relative density	0,9380 0,9600 D20/20
Vapour density	Not determined.
9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.
Appearance:	
Form:	fluid
mportant information on protection of healt	h and environment, and on safety.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined.
Explosive properties:	Not determined.
Solvent content:	
Solids content:	0,00 %
Change in condition	
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
nformation with regard to physical hazard o	classes
Explosives	not applicable
Flammable gases	not applicable
Aerosols	not applicable
Oxidising gases	not applicable
Gases under pressure	not applicable
Flammable liquids	not applicable
Flammable solids	not applicable
Self-reactive substances and mixtures	not applicable
Pyrophoric liquids	not applicable
Pyrophoric solids	not applicable
Self-heating substances and mixtures	not applicable
Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water	not applicable
Oxidising liquids	not applicable
Oxidising solids	not applicable
Organic peroxides	not applicable
Corrosive to metals	not applicable



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PRODUCT :	YLANG COMOROS I OIL	
		(continued of page 6)
SECTION 10): Stability and reactivity	
10.1 Reac No further r	tivity relevant information available.	
10.2 Chen	nical stability	
	bility of hazardous reactions us reactions known.	
	litions to avoid relevant information available.	
	npatible materials: relevant information available.	
10.6 Haza Not determ	rdous decomposition products: ined.	
SECTION 11	L: Toxicological information	
	mation on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 12	72/2008
 Acute to 	oxicity	
• LD/LC5	0 values relevant for classification:	SO LD/LC
8006-81-3	Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.f. & Thomson	SO ED/EC
Oral, LD	50: >5000 mg/kg (rat) (similar OECD 401 1973) LD50: >5000 mg/kg (Rabbit) (similar OECD 402 1973)	
	benzyl acetate 50: 2490 mg/kg (rat) (INRS 2011) LD50: >5000 mg/kg (Rabbit) (INRS 2011)	
	LINALOOL 50: 2790 mg/kg (rat) LD50: 5610 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
120-51-4	BENZYL BENZOATE	
	50: 1700 mg/kg (rat) 50: 3450 mg/kg (mouse) (Bier, 1979)	
	LD50: 4000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
104-93-8	p-Methylanisole 50: 1920 mg/kg (rat)	
87-44-5	BETA-CARYOPHYLLENE	
	50: > 5000 mg/kg (rat) (Hart and Wong 1971) GERANYL ACETATE	
Oral, LD. 93-58-3	50: >4000 mg/kg (rat) (NTP 1987) methyl benzoate	
	50: 1177 mg/kg (rat)	
	FARNESOL 50: 20000 mg/kg (rat) LD50: 15000 mg/kg (rat)	
97-54-1	ISOEUGENOL 50: 1560 mg/kg (rat)	
	ANETHOLE 50: 2090 mg/kg (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	
470-82-6	Eucalyptol 50: 3849 mg/kg (mouse) (Jiao Xu, 2014)	
119-36-8 Oral, LD	METHYL SALICYLATE 50: 890 mg/kg (ATE) 50: 887 mg/kg (rat)	
100-51-6 Oral, LD Oral, LD	BENZYL ALCOHOL 50: 1200 mg/kg (ATE) 50: 1230 mg/kg (rat)	
	LD50: 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit) /e, LC50/4h: >12 mg/l (rat) (CIR assessment 2017)	
		(continued on page 8)



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	PRODUCT :	YLANG COMOROS I OIL	
			(continued of page 7)
*	104-55-2	CINNAMAL : 2220 mg/kg (rat)	
		ritant effect:	
	,	osion/irritation	
	8006-81-3	Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.f. & Thomson	
		f skin, OECD 439: IRRITANT (in vitro) (2017 read across g III Episkin)	
	Irritation o	f skin, OECD 431: NOT CORROSIVE (in vitro) (2017 EpiDerm)	
		skin and mucous membranes. n irritation.	
		ye damage/irritation	
	8006-81-3	Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.f. & Thomson	
	Irritation o	f eyes, OECD 437 BCOP: NOT IRRITANT (in vitro) (2017)	
*	100-51-6	BENZYL ALCOHOL	
*	2017)	f eyes, OECD 405 DRAIZE: IRRITANT (Rabbit) (CIR assessment	
	 Respirato 	ry or skin sensitisation	
	8006-81-3	Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.f. & Thomson	
*		ECD 429 LLNA: SENSITIZER (mouse) (2006 EC3=6,8)	
	120-51-4 Sensitisati	BENZYL BENZOATE on, NESIL: 59000 ug/cm2 (human being) (Standard IFRA)	
*	100-51-6	BENZYL ALCOHOL	
*	Sensitisati	on, NESIL: 5900 ug/cm2 (human being) (IFRA STANDARD)	
*	104-55-2		
*		ECD 429 LLNA: SENSITIZER (mouse) (EC3 1,1%, RIFM 2004) mutagenicity	
	8006-81-3	Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.f. & Thomson	
	OECD 471	AMES: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (2017)	
		MLA: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (2017)	
	140-11-4 OECD 471	benzyl acetate AMES: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (Tennant and al., 1987)	
*	78-70-6	LINALOOL	
	OECD 471	AMES: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (Letizia and al., 2007)	
*	120-51-4	BENZYL BENZOATE	
	104-93-8	AMES: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (Schunk and al., 1986) p-Methylanisole	
		AMES: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (RIFM 1984)	
*	87-44-5	BETA-CARYOPHYLLENE	
		AMES: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (Heck and al., 1989)	
*	105-87-3	GERANYL ACETATE AMES: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (NTP 1987)	
	470-82-6	Eucalyptol	
		AMES: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (Haworth, 1983)	
*	100-51-6	BENZYL ALCOHOL	
*	0ECD 471 0ECD 476	AMES: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (Leifer and al., 1981) MLA TK: NOT CLASSIFIED (in vitro) (CHO ; Anderson and al.,	
*	1990)		
*	104-55-2	CINNAMAL	
*	OECD 471 • Carcinoge	AMES: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (NTP 2004)	
	8006-81-3	Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.f. & Thomson	
		u: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (2017 OECD 487)	
*	78-70-6	LINALOOL	
		 I: NEGATIVE (mouse) (in vivo, Letizia and al., 2007) I: NEGATIVE (in vitro) (DiSotto and al., 2011) 	
	104-93-8	p-Methylanisole	
		: NEGATIVE (mouse) (RIFM 2018)	
*	105-87-3		
*	-	u: NEGATIVE (mouse) (in vivo, Shelby 1993)	
^	104-55-2 Micronovai	CINNAMAL J: NEGATIVE (mouse) (NTP 2004)	
	 Reproduce 	tive toxicity	
	Not determ		
	• SIUI-sin	gle exposure	(continued on page 9)



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	PRODUCT : YLANG COMOROS I OIL
	 Not determined. STOT-repeated exposure Not determined. Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Subacute to chronic toxicity:
	8006-81-3 Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.f. & Thomson Oral, NOAEL: 718 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 422 2017)
	140-11-4 benzyl acetate Oral, NOAEL: 14,5 mg/kg (rat) (2 years, NTP 1993)
*	78-70-6 LINALOOL Oral, NOAEL: 200 mg/kg (rat) (maternal toxicity, Politano and al., 2008)
	104-93-8 p-Methylanisole Oral, NOAEL: 100 mg/kg (rat) (28 days, RIFM 2013)
*	 87-44-5 BETA-CARYOPHYLLENE Oral, NOAEL: 700 mg/kg (rat) (90 days Schmitt 2016) 11.2 Information on other hazards Endocrine disrupting properties
*	None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

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12.1 Toxicity
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    Aquatic toxicity:
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8006-81-3
                       Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.f. & Thomson
  CE50/48h: 10,4 mg/l (daphnia) (OECD 202 2018)
  Erc50(0-72h): > 100 mg/l (algae) (readcross OECD 201 2018)
96h-LC50: 32 mg/l (fish) (readcross OECD 203 2018)
140-11-4
                       benzyl acetate
  ErC50(0-72h): 92 mg/l (algae) (RIFM 2017)
ErC50(0-48h): 37 mg/l (daphnia) (RIFM 2011)
96h-LC50: 4,6 mg/l (fish) (RIFM 1994)
78-70-6
                       LINALOOL
  LD50: 27,8 mg/l (fish) ((OECD 203) RIFM 1991)
  ErC50(0-72h): 156,7 mg/l (algae)
ErC50(0-48h): 59 mg/l (daphnia) ((OECD 202)
104-93-8
                       p-Methylanisole
  CE50/48h: 17 mg/l (daphnia) (RIFM 2018)
  96h-LC50: 68,2 mg/l (fish) (RIFM 2018)
104-55-2
                       CINNAMAL
  ErC50(0-48h): 3,86 mg/l (daphnia) (RIFM 2003)
  96h-LC50: 4,15 mg/l (fish) (RIFM 1993)
12.2 Persistence and degradability
8006-81-3
                       Cananga odorata (Lam.) Hook.f. & Thomson
OECD 301: 86 % (in vitro) (301D 28 days, 2017)
Easily biodegradable
  Behaviour in environmental systems:
  Not determined.
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
No further relevant information available.
12.4 Mobility in soil
No further relevant information available.
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
• PBT:
  Not applicable.
  vPvB:
  Not applicable.
12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties
The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
                                                                                                    (continued on page 10)
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12.7 Other adverse effects	(continued of page 9)
12.7 Other adverse effects	
No further relevant information available.	
 Ecotoxical effects: 	
Not determined.	
Remark:	
Harmful to fish	
Additional ecological information:	
5	
 General notes: Harmful to aquatic organisms 	
Additional ecological information:	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

- Recommendation
 - Must be specially treated adhering to official regulations.

• Uncleaned packaging:

Recommendation:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

*	ADR	Not classified
*	. IMDG	Not classified
*	. IATA	Not classified
*	14.2 UN proper shipping name	
^	. ADR	Not classified
*	. IMDG	Not classified
*	. IATA	Not classified
	14.3 Transport hazard class(es . ADR	;)
*	Class	Not classified
	. IMDG	
*	Class	Not classified
	. IATA	
*	Class	Not classified
	14.4 Packing group	
*	. ADR	Not classified
*	IMDG	Not classified
*	IATA	Not classified

14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable.

14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixturePFAS

- None of the ingredients is listed.
- DIRECTIVE 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment - Annex II
- None of the ingredients is listed.

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PRODUCT :	YLANG COMOROS I OIL
	(continued of page 10)
 Annex I - under Art None of th 	FION (EU) 2019/1148 - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing ticle 5(3)) ne ingredients is listed. - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS
None of th	ne ingredients is listed. The ingredients is listed. The condition of the precursors
None of th	in (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the
Communi	ity and third countries in drug precursors he ingredients is listed.
National	regulations:
	l instructions (air):
 Class Sha I 	are in % 0,03
	zard class: ard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.
	ical safety assessment: Safety Assessment has been carried out.
SECTION 16:	Other information
information in to be conside areas thereof	tion in this safety data sheet is based on the state of our knowledge at the date indicated. The n this sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements for the product, they are not ered a warranty or quality specification and have no contractual value on properties and application \overline{C} . The information contained in this safety data sheet relate to the specific material designated and may with respect to the product associated with another product or process, unless it is specified in the text performance.
The required	information complies with EU regulations in force. It does not exempt the user from knowing and the national regulations in force.
H226 H302	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed.
H304 H312	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 H317	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 H319	Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 H361	Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H400 H411	Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
purpose o	hints training in occupational risk prevention is recommended for personnel who will handle this product, in the of facilitating the understanding and interpretation of this form of safety data in the same way as the f the product.
 Date of p 14.12.202 	previous version:
	umber of previous version:
1.00	
Abbreviat	tions and acronyms:
Abbreviat IFRA:Inter ADR: Acco the Interna	tions and acronyms: rnational Fragrance Association IOFI:International Organization of the Flavor Industry ord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning ational Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) ement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations
Abbreviat IFRA:Inter ADR: Acco the Interna RID: Règle Concerning IMDG: Inter DOT: US D	rnational Fragrance Association IOFI:International Organization of the Flavor Industry ord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning ational Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) ement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations g the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) ernational Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods Department of Transportation
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PRODUCT :	YLANG COMOROS I OIL	
EINECS: E ELINCS: E CAS: Chen DNEL: Der LC50: Leth LD50: Leth PBT: Persis	ally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals uropean Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances uropean List of Notified Chemical Substances nical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) ved No-Effect Level (REACH) al concentration, 50 percent al dose, 50 percent itent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	(continued of page 11)
Sources IFRA/IOFI	Labelling Manual, REACH registration dossier, supplier information	
• * Data co	mpared to the previous version altered.	